



## GeneQuery™ Human Parkinson's Disease qPCR Array Kit (GQH-PKD) Catalog #GK058

### Product Description

ScienCell's GeneQuery™ Human Parkinson's Disease qPCR Array Kit (GQH-PKD) profiles 88 key genes involved in the development and progression of Parkinson's disease. Parkinson's disease is a progressive nervous system disorder characterized by motor skill impairment. Symptoms can be categorized in four primary categories: tremors, rigidity, bradykinesia, and impaired balance. There are currently no laboratory tests to help diagnose Parkinson's disease or treatments to cure it, however a variety of medications exist to allay symptoms. Below are brief examples of how included genes may be grouped according to their significance:

- **Susceptibility:** PARK2, PINK1, LRRK2, GSTT1, FTL
- **Early onset Parkinson's:** FBXO7, PACRG, PARK7, UCHL1, VPS13C
- **Neurotransmission:** DRD1, GRM1, MAOB, MAP2, SLC6A3
- **CNS Development:** CHAT, GDNF, NGF, NRTN, PSPN
- **Metabolism:** ADH1C, COMT, HMOX1, NOS1, NQO1

GeneQuery™ qPCR array kits are qPCR ready in a 96-well plate format, with each well containing one primer set that recognizes and efficiently amplifies a specific target gene's cDNA. The carefully designed primers ensure that: (i) the optimal annealing temperature in qPCR analysis is 65°C (with 2 mM Mg<sup>2+</sup> and no DMSO); (ii) the primer set recognizes all known transcript variants of the target gene, unless otherwise noted; and (iii) only one gene is amplified. Each primer set has been validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis and gel electrophoresis.

### GeneQuery™ qPCR Array Kit Controls

Each GeneQuery™ plate contains eight controls (Figure 1):

- Five target housekeeping genes ( $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH), which enable normalization of data.
- The Genomic DNA (gDNA) Control (GDC), which detects gDNA contamination in cDNA samples. This primer set targets a non-transcribed region of the genome.
- Positive PCR Control (PPC), which tests whether samples contain inhibitors or other factors that may negatively affect gene expression results. The PPC consists of a predisposed synthetic DNA template and a primer set that can amplify it. The sequence of the DNA template is not present in the human genome and thus tests the efficiency of the polymerase chain reaction itself.
- The No Template Control (NTC), which can be used to monitor DNA contamination introduced during workflow (e.g. from such sources as reagents, tips, and the lab bench).

### Kit Components

Component	Quantity	Storage
GeneQuery™ array plate with lyophilized primers	1	4°C or -20°C
Optical PCR plate seal	1	RT
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O	2 mL	4°C

### Additional Materials Required (Materials Not Included in Kit)

Component	Recommended
Reverse transcriptase	MultiScribe Reverse Transcriptase (Life Tech, Cat. #4311235)
cDNA template	Customers' samples
qPCR master mix	FastStart Essential DNA Green Master (Roche, Cat. #06402712001)

### Quality Control

All primer sets are validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis and analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Single band amplification is confirmed for each set of primers.

### Product Use

GQH-ANG is for research use only. It is not approved for human or animal use or for application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

### Shipping and Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, the plate should be stored at 4°C and is good for up to 12 months. For long-term storage (>1 year), store at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer.

## Procedures

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**Note:** The primers in each well are lyophilized.

1. Prior to use, allow plates to warm to room temperature.
2. Briefly centrifuge at 1,500x g for 1 minute before slowly peeling off the seal.
3. Prepare 20  $\mu$ l PCR reactions for one well as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

<b>cDNA template</b>	<b>0.2 – 250 ng</b>
2x qPCR master mix	10 $\mu$ l
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O	variable
<i>Total volume</i>	<i>20 <math>\mu</math>l</i>

**Important:** *Only use polymerases with hot-start capability to prevent possible primer-dimer formation. Only use nuclease-free reagents in PCR amplification.*

4. Add the mixture of 2x qPCR master mix, cDNA template, and nuclease-free H<sub>2</sub>O to each well containing the lyophilized primers. Seal the plate with the provided optical PCR plate seal.

**Important:** *In NTC control well, do NOT add cDNA template. Add 2x qPCR master mix and nuclease-free H<sub>2</sub>O only.*

5. Briefly centrifuge the plates at 1,500x g for 1 minute at room temperature. For maximum reliability, replicates are strongly recommended (minimum of 3).
6. For PCR program setup, please refer to the instructions of the master mix of the user's choice. We recommend a typical 3-step qPCR protocol for a 200nt amplicon:

### Three-step cycling protocol

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	20 sec	40
Annealing	65°C	20 sec	
Extension	72°C	20 sec	
Data acquisition	Plate read		
<i>Recommended</i>	<i>Melting curve analysis</i>		1
Hold	4°C	Indefinite	1

7. (Optional) Load the PCR products on 1.5% agarose gel and perform electrophoresis to confirm the single band amplification in each well.

Figure 1. Layout of GeneQuery™ qPCR array kit controls.

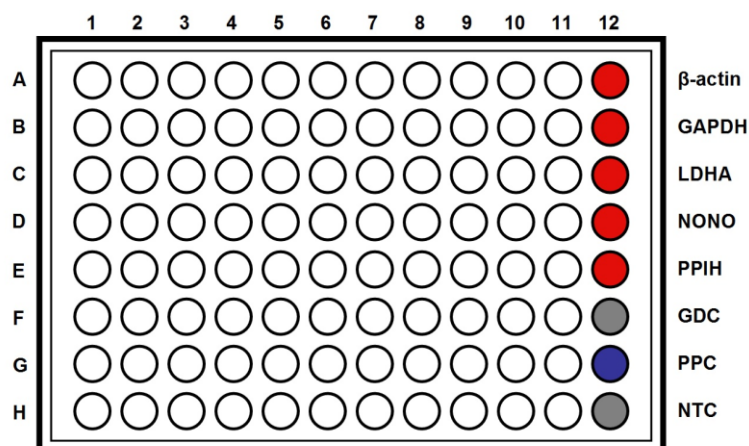


Table 2. Interpretation of control results:

<i>Controls</i>	<i>Results</i>	<i>Interpretation</i>	<i>Suggestions</i>
Housekeeping gene controls	Variability of a housekeeping gene's C <sub>q</sub> value	The expression of the housekeeping gene is variable in samples; cycling program is incorrect	Choose a constantly expressed target, or analyze expression levels of multiple housekeeping genes; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
gDNA Control (GDC)	C <sub>q</sub> ≥ 35	No gDNA detected	N/A
	C <sub>q</sub> < 35	The sample is contaminated with gDNA	Perform DNase digestion during RNA purification step
Positive PCR Control (PPC)	C <sub>q</sub> > 30; or The C <sub>q</sub> variations > 2 between qPCR Arrays.	Poor PCR performance; possible PCR inhibitor in reactions; cycling program incorrect	Eliminate inhibitor by purifying samples; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
No Template Control (NTC)	Positive	DNA contamination in workflow	Eliminate sources of DNA contamination (reagents, plastics, etc.)

Figure 2. A typical amplification curve showing the amplification of a qPCR product.

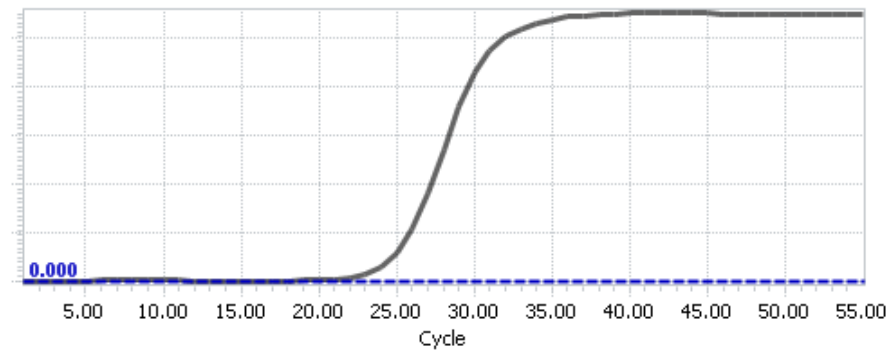
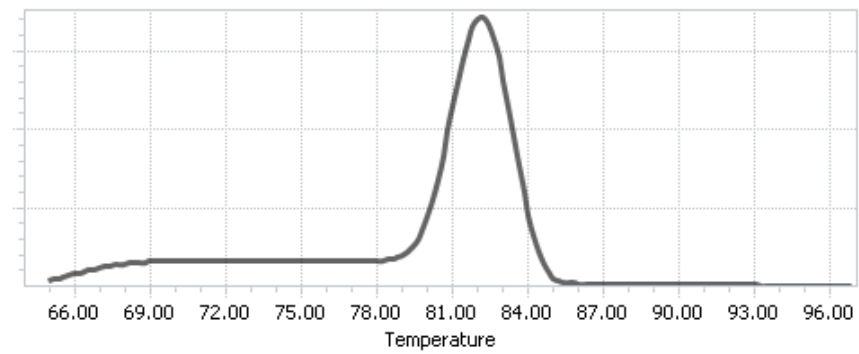


Figure 3. A typical melting peak of a qPCR product.



## **Quantification Method: Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method**

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1. **Note:** Please refer to your qPCR instrument's data analysis software for data analysis. The method provided here serves as guidance for quick manual calculations.

You can use one or more housekeeping genes as a reference to normalize samples.

**Important:** We highly recommend using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit,  $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH.

2. For a single housekeeping gene,  $\Delta Cq$  (ref) is the quantification cycle number change for that housekeeping gene (HKG) between an experimental sample and control sample.

$$\Delta Cq \text{ (ref)} = Cq \text{ (HKG, experimental sample)} - Cq \text{ (HKG, control sample)}$$

When using multiple housekeeping genes as a reference, we recommend normalizing using the geometric mean [1] of the expression level change, which is the same as normalizing using the arithmetic mean of  $\Delta Cq$  of the selected housekeeping genes.

$\Delta Cq \text{ (ref)} = \text{average} (\Delta Cq \text{ (HKG1)}, \Delta Cq \text{ (HKG2)}, \dots, \Delta Cq \text{ (HKG n)})$  (n is the number of housekeeping genes selected)

**If** using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit,  $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH, use the following formula:

$$\Delta Cq \text{ (ref)} = (\Delta Cq(\beta\text{-actin}) + \Delta Cq(\text{GAPDH}) + \Delta Cq(\text{LDHA}) + \Delta Cq(\text{NONO}) + \Delta Cq(\text{PPIH})) / 5$$

**Note:**  $\Delta Cq \text{ (HKG)} = Cq \text{ (HKG, experimental sample)} - Cq \text{ (HKG, control sample)}$ , and  $\Delta Cq \text{ (HKG)}$  value can be positive, 0, or negative.

3. For any of your genes of interest (GOI),

$$\Delta Cq \text{ (GOI)} = Cq \text{ (GOI, experimental sample)} - Cq \text{ (GOI, control sample)}$$

$$\Delta\Delta Cq = \Delta Cq \text{ (GOI)} - \Delta Cq \text{ (ref)}$$

$$\text{Normalized GOI expression level fold change} = 2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$$

## **References**

[1] Vandesompele J, De Preter K, Pattyn F, Poppe B, Van Roy N, De Paepe A, Speleman F. (2002) "Accurate normalization of real-time quantitative RT-PCR data by geometric averaging of multiple internal control genes." *Genome Biol.* 3(7): 1-12.

### Example: Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

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Table 3. Cq (Quantification Cycle) values of 2 genes-of-interest and 5 housekeeping genes obtained for experimental and control samples.

Samples	Genes of Interest		Housekeeping Genes				
	GOI1	GOI2	<i><math>\beta</math>-actin</i>	<i>GAPDH</i>	<i>LDHA</i>	<i>NONO</i>	<i>PPIH</i>
Experimental	21.61	22.19	17.16	17.84	20.12	19.64	26.40
Control	33.13	26.47	18.20	18.48	20.57	19.50	26.55

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta Cq(\text{ref}) &= (\Delta Cq(\beta\text{-actin}) + \Delta Cq(\text{GAPDH}) + \Delta Cq(\text{LDHA}) + \Delta Cq(\text{NONO}) + \Delta Cq(\text{PPIH})) / 5 \\ &= ((17.16 - 18.20) + (17.84 - 18.48) + (20.12 - 20.57) + (19.64 - 19.50) + (26.40 - 26.55)) / 5 \\ &= -0.43\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta Cq(\text{GOI1}) &= 21.61 - 33.13 \\ &= -11.52\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta Cq(\text{GOI2}) &= 22.19 - 26.47 \\ &= -4.28\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\Delta Cq(\text{GOI1}) &= \Delta Cq(\text{GOI1}) - \Delta Cq(\text{ref}) \\ &= -11.52 - (-0.43) \\ &= -11.09\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\Delta Cq(\text{GOI2}) &= \Delta Cq(\text{GOI2}) - \Delta Cq(\text{ref}) \\ &= -4.28 - (-0.43) \\ &= -3.85\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Normalized GOI1 expression level fold change} &= 2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq(\text{GOI1})} \\ &= 2^{11.09} \\ &= 2180\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Normalized GOI2 expression level fold change} &= 2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq(\text{GOI2})} \\ &= 2^{3.85} \\ &= 14.4\end{aligned}$$

**Conclusion:** Upon treatment, expression level of GOI1 increased 2,180 fold, and expression level of GOI2 increased 14.4 fold.



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GeneQuery™ Human Parkinson's Disease qPCR Array Plate Layout\* (*8 controls* in Bold and Italic)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>A</b>	ADH1C	CALB1	CP	DRD4	GLUD2	HMOX1	MAOB	NNMT	PARK7	SLC18A2	SPR	<i><b>β-actin</b></i>
<b>B</b>	ADORA2A	CASP3	CYCS	FBXO7	GPR37	HTR1A	MAP2	NOS1	PDYN	SLC6A3	STH	<i><b>GAPDH</b></i>
<b>C</b>	AKT1	CAT	CYP2D6	FGF20	GPX1	HTT	MAPK8	NQO1	PINK1	SLC6A4	TAC1	<i><b>LDHA</b></i>
<b>D</b>	APOE	CDK5	DBH	FGF8	GRM1	IREB2	MAPT	NR4A2	PITX3	SNCA	TBP	<i><b>NONO</b></i>
<b>E</b>	APP	CHAT	DNAJC13	FTL	GRM5	LMX1B	MSX1	NRTN	PSPN	SNCAIP	TH	<i><b>PPIH</b></i>
<b>F</b>	ATXN2	CHM	DRD1	GAD1	GSTO1	LRRK1	NAT2	NTS	RNF19A	SNCB	UCHL1	<i><b>GDC</b></i>
<b>G</b>	ATXN3	CNR1	DRD2	GCH1	GSTO2	LRRK2	NDUFS4	PACRG	RPS27A	SOD1	VPS13C	<i><b>PPC</b></i>
<b>H</b>	BDNF	COMT	DRD3	GDNF	GSTT1	MAOA	NGF	PARK2	SIAH1	SOD2	VPS35	<i><b>NTC</b></i>

\* gene selection may be updated based on new research and development



## Appendix. Plate type choice chart.

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### Plate type A

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 5700	GK058-A
	ABI 7000	GK058-A
	ABI 7300	GK058-A
	ABI 7500	GK058-A
	ABI 7700	GK058-A
	ABI 7900 HT	GK058-A
	QuantStudio	GK058-A
	ViiA 7	GK058-A
Bio-Rad	Chromo4	GK058-A
	iCycler	GK058-A
	iQ5	GK058-A
	MyiQ	GK058-A
	MyiQ2	GK058-A
Eppendorf / Life Tech	Matercyler ep realplex 2	GK058-A
	Matercyler ep realplex 4	GK058-A
Stratagene	MX3000P	GK058-A
	MX3005P	GK058-A

### Plate type B

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 7500 Fast	GK058-B
	ABI 7900 HT Fast	GK058-B
	QuantStudio Fast	GK058-B
	StepOnePlus	GK058-B
	ViiA 7 Fast	GK058-B
Bio-Rad	CFX Connect	GK058-B
	CFX96	GK058-B
	DNA Engine Opticon 2	GK058-B
Stratagene	MX4000	GK058-B

### Plate type C

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
Roche	Lightcycler 96	GK058-C
	Lightcycler 480 (96-well)	GK058-C